

# Towards Whole Hand and Wrist Kinematic Tracking with a Wearable A-Mode Ultrasound Probe

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## INTRODUCTION

**A-mode US:** enabler for **wearable** Hand Gesture Recognition (HGR) [1]

Need for **continuous** hand – wrist kinematic tracking → **Regression** of multiple Degrees of Freedom (DoFs)

[2] 2 DoFs ( $R^2 = 0.96$ )      [3] 4 DoFs ( $R^2 = 0.94$ )  
[4] 3 DoFs ( $R^2 = 0.87$ , MAE=5.3°, RMSE=7.32°)

Prior works:

- ✗ **Low** number of **DoFs**
- ✗ **Portable** systems [6] → no wearability
- ✗ **Power-hungry** [5] → short-term use
- ✗ Lack of/ limited **AI** capabilities

## Objectives

- 🎯 Whole hand – wrist kinematic tracking
- 🎯 Wearable-requirements: low power, easy to use, comfortable
- 🎯 End-to-end, on device

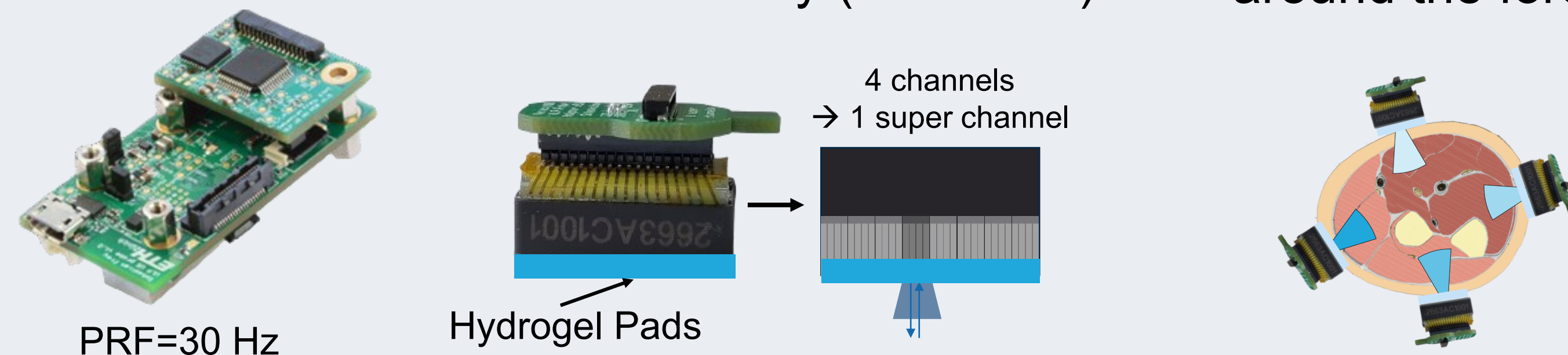
## METHODS

### Acquisition System

WULPUS [7]

32 element linear transducer array (2.25 MHz)

4 super-channels around the forearm



### Data Collection

Wearable Armband



Acquisition Sets (S)

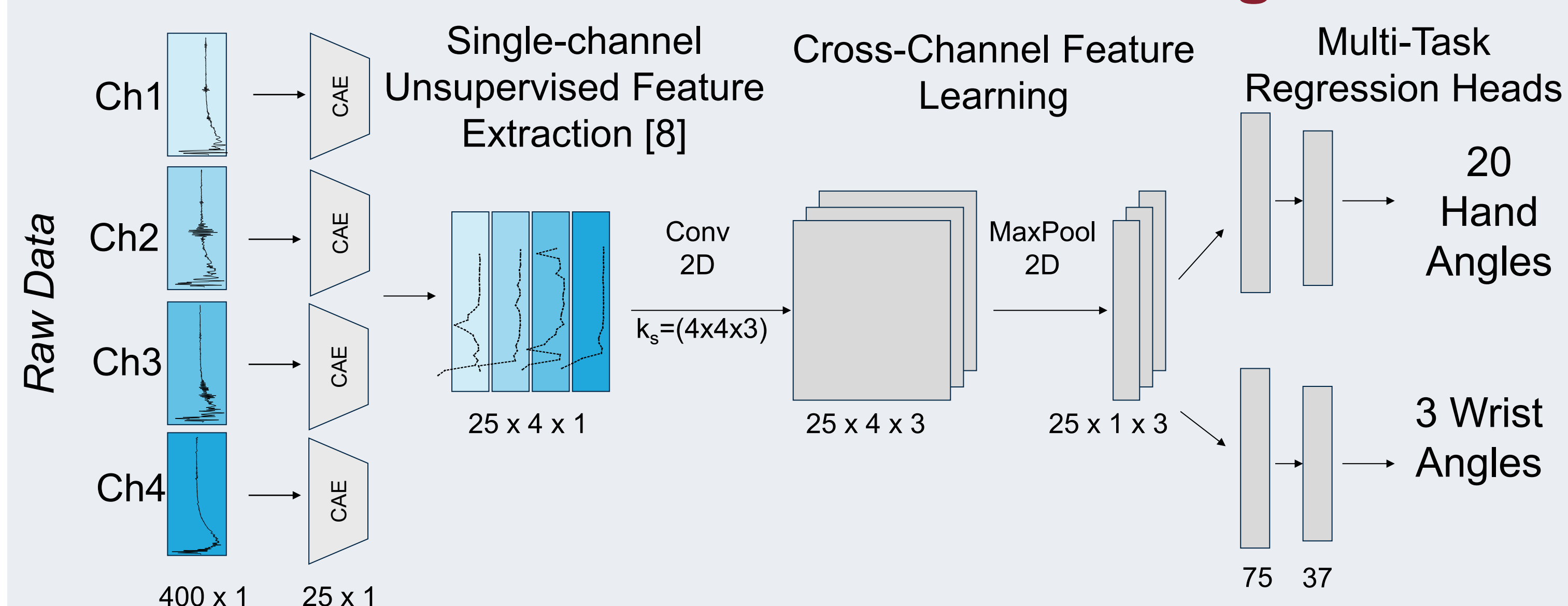
6 Hand Movements

5 Wrist Movements

Session 1	Session 2	Session 3
S1 S2 S3 S4 S5	S1 S2 S3 S4 S5	S1 S2 S3 S4 S5

Sensors repositioning

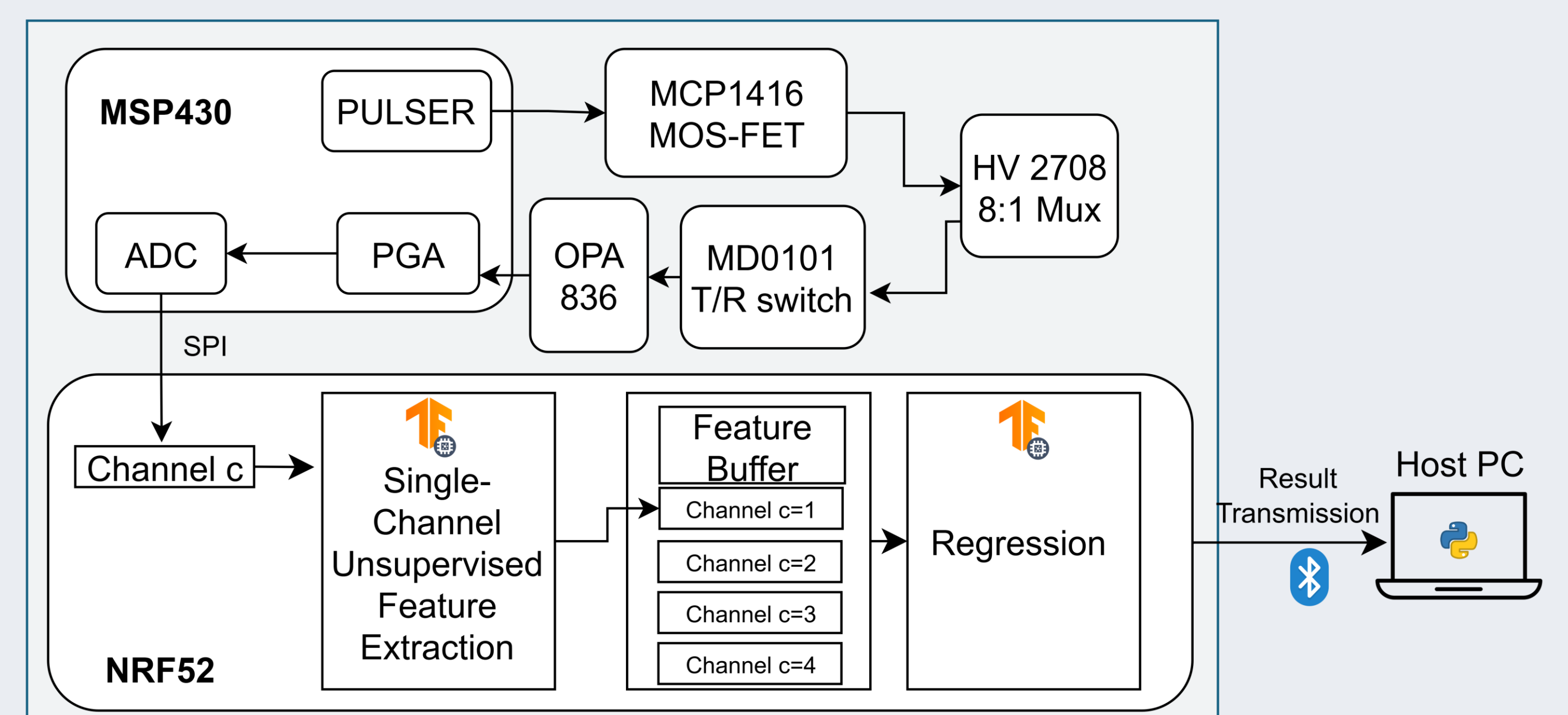
### Multi-Task Network Architecture for Regression



- Cross validation: 3 sets per session to train, 1 to validate, 1 to test

### Embedded Implementation

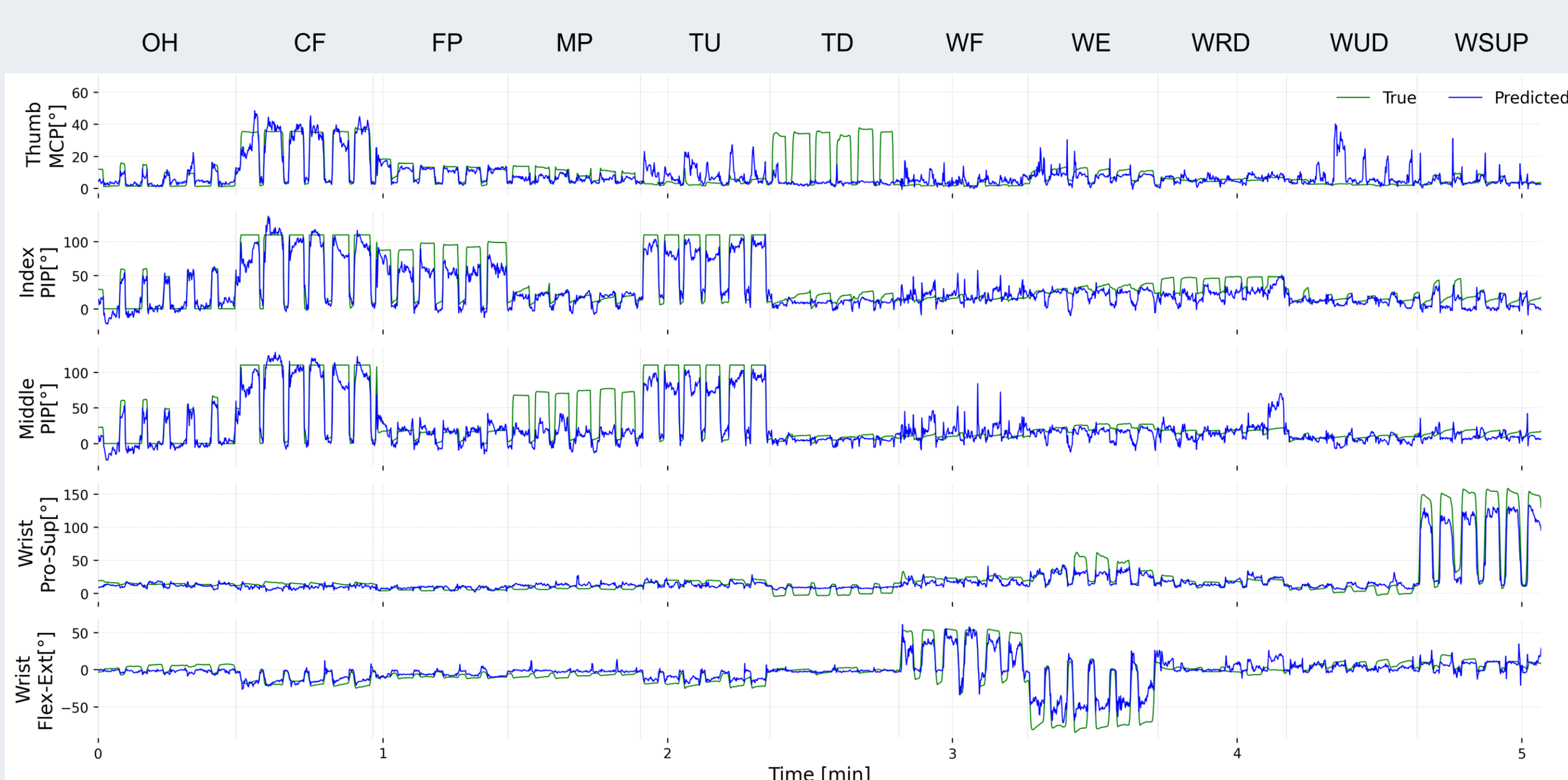
- Deployment on WULPUS NRF52 MCU



## RESULTS

### a) Tracking of Wrist and Hand Kinematics

- RMSE= 10.3° ± 0.7°
- MAE = 6.9° ± 0.6°
- $R^2 = 0.59 \pm 0.04$



Green: ground-truth joint angles, Blue: model prediction

### b) Embedded Implementation

FLASH: 14.8 KB      RAM: 9.8 KB      Inference Time: 23.7 ms      Energy/Inference: 0.6mJ

## CONCLUSION



First-time whole hand-wrist kinematic tracking with **WULPUS → 23 DoFs**  
(only 1.4x higher RMSE than [4] for a 7x larger #DoF)



Inference time **<24ms** → meets the **latency** requirements for **embedded** applications such as prosthetic control



**88%** wireless link **bandwidth reduction** with results-only transmission → improved **reliability**



**< 30 mW** power consumption  
→ **continuous** operation for **40 hours**

## REFERENCES

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- [6] M. Fournelle et al., *Sensors*, 2021
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- [8] S. Vostrikov et al., *IEEE T-UFFC*, 2024